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LEGAL EDUCATION OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE MILITARY POLICY OF THE REPUBLIC OF KAZAKHSTAN

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The ultimate goal of the legal education of military personnel is to form a conscious military discipline and a lifestyle in the amount of legal knowledge, to strengthen the military training necessary for daily activities, to form a stable military policy with the development of a habit of legally permissible communication with each other and other people.

Legal education in the army is carried out by the Ministry of Defense of the Republic of Kazakhstan and on the basis of orders and instructions of the heads of Staff, Chairman of the committee.

Legal education of military personnel is an important condition for warning of offenses.

In the legal education of military personnel, the process of their influence in order to form a legally permissible behavior among military personnel is explained.

Legal education is an integral part of the unified system of educational work carried out in military organizations, formations. It also has an organic relationship with military, moral, moral-psychiatric and other types of Education.

Legal education solves the task of preventing and preventing offenses, but does not completely solve the problem of offenses. It is aimed not only at offenses, but also at the formation of legal awareness of them, recognizing the need for a constant relationship of requirements in other laws, taking into account the importance of the role of law in the life of the military and society, as well as the formation of military policy and carrying out its behavior on the basis of legal military charters.

It uses law education in the formation of mandatory attitudes among military personnel, as well as in the promotion of military policy. Legal knowledge among the military is achieved by familiarizing the personnel with the laws, mastering them, as well as conducting legal practice, along with the mandatory universal study of existing military laws.

Legal training implies the mastery by military personnel of each category of military personnel of normative acts, in addition to laws, necessary for the performance of their official duties[1].

These norms are divided into two sections: general and special.

In the general part, each serviceman must know in detail the section that concerns him. That is, we mean mastering the existing legal acts regulating military service. "First of all, the Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the general military charters of the Armed Forces of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan on the Armed Forces and defense, "" on the legal status and social protection of military personnel and their family members"", ""on general military duty and military service"", the provisions on the procedure for serving military service, on the material responsibility of military personnel and others."

Special legal acts include acts regulating the specific scope of activity surrounding this category of military personnel. For example, to create an opportunity to study legal provisions, instructions, documents related to the storage of equipment, weapons, other military property in special operations for technical safety, in the construction of military facilities, in rescue operations, etc., in the mobilization and driving of military vehicles to the necessary places, in the activities of medical diggers.

Legal universal education is a broad concept compared to legal training. If legal training implies the mastery of the law by military personnel necessary for the performance of their military-specialty duties, and legal compulsory training presupposes the mastery of the general character allowed by law, which allows military personnel, as citizens, to know their rights, freedoms and interests, as well as to understand responsibility for a possible offense on a daily basis.

This group includes laws governing the system of civil and criminal law, along with regulations on duties, with benefits granted to military personnel and their family members, with privileges granted to state and law enforcement officials specified in the laws[3]

The main content of compulsory legal education is comprehensively enshrined in the education of a high legal consciousness, the application of legal knowledge and improvement of their qualifications in military policy in the course of educational work for each military personnel, civil servants of the military of the Republic of Kazakhstan according to the legal military charters of the Republic of Kazakhstan, orders and instructive acts of the Departments of the Armed Forces of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

In accordance with the decree of the president of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated May 21, 1995 "on measures to organize compulsory legal training in the Republic of Kazakhstan", the Ministry of Defense Of The Republic of Kazakhstan and other general charters of the Armed Forces of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan on the Armed Forces and defense, "on the legal status and social protection of military personnel and their family members", "on general military duty and military service" and the provision of legal compulsory training for military personnel[3]

Compulsory legal training of military personnel and civil servants of the Armed Forces of the Republic of Kazakhstan is carried out in the following ways::

A) study of legal issues in the process of Commander-In-Chief training of officers under the 40-hour program per year, ;

B) social and legal training and social and humanitarian training of military personnel, as well as the study, study of questions of legality and law in the economic training process of civilian employees in the Armed Forces of the Republic of Kazakhstan;

C) promotion and acquisition of legal information;

D) the study and study of the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the practice of its application is carried out by training each military personnel, civil servants and independently.

After the implementation of the plans set in the course of training, each military personnel is evaluated according to the disciplinary system through a control lesson. This assessment indicates the level of legal training of officers in the accounting sheet of professional training and in the certification. After all, it is taken into account when nominating a military officer for a high position, when presenting him for the assignment of another military rank.

Mastering legal information helps the military in their activities to get acquainted with the current new legislative acts within the framework of legal training or mandatory legal training of personnel, to study the amendments and additions to the current legislation in connection with its use.

A special type of legal work is aimed at promoting the formation of military policy by providing legal assistance to military personnel in the process of familiarizing them with substantive documents requiring a legal decision.

Mastering mandatory legal training is carried out in the form of lectures, conversations, thematic questions, discussions, and other events in which officials of justice and law enforcement agencies, as well as military bodies play an active role.

Two types of legal education can be considered. These include, firstly, the formation of legal educational behavior, and secondly, a complex form of influence. In carrying out this activity, military personnel are encouraged to master the necessary legal acts on the basis of legal knowledge and act in accordance with the law in the implementation of rituals, habits and laws. In short, we can conclude that every day in real life is a mental influence on the fulfillment of the requirements of the law.

This goal can be achieved not only with the interpretation of laws, but also with the creation of law and order in various military and units, setting strict requirements for its implementation in practice. A prerequisite for legal education is directly related to the care of satisfying the requirements, legal interests of the senior staff, individual exemplary military personnel and members of his family. That is, we mean the implementation of the legal action of their services at various levels of social protection, housing provision, free treatment, reward, growth in activity, etc. To achieve the goal of legal education, legal approaches arising in the conditions of military service and their solution are interpreted in accordance with the goal[4].

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